

# Standardizing Research Protocol Practice on a Procedural Recovery Unit Through Effective Communication and Staff Education

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS MDAnderson Cancer Center

Making Cancer History®

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## Background

One of the newest frontiers in cancer research and treatment is the injection of various substances into cancerous tumors. Multiple protocol procedures began occurring daily on our postprocedural unit, with each having different needs in recovery.

Some requirements included specific times for vital signs, collection of bloodwork, performing an EKG series, observation timeframe for adverse reactions, admission/discharge/ transfer, and patient education. In addition to the regular recovery load, nurses had new and different types of patients on a variety of protocols to care for.

A need was identified for additional education and improved communication between the recovery nursing staff and research teams to facilitate patient safety and high-quality patient care while ensuring all protocol parameters were met.

## **Objective**

The objective of this project was to consolidate the research data and improve communication between the research team and recovery nurses. The goal was to increase nursing knowledge and comfort level in caring for patients on research protocols.

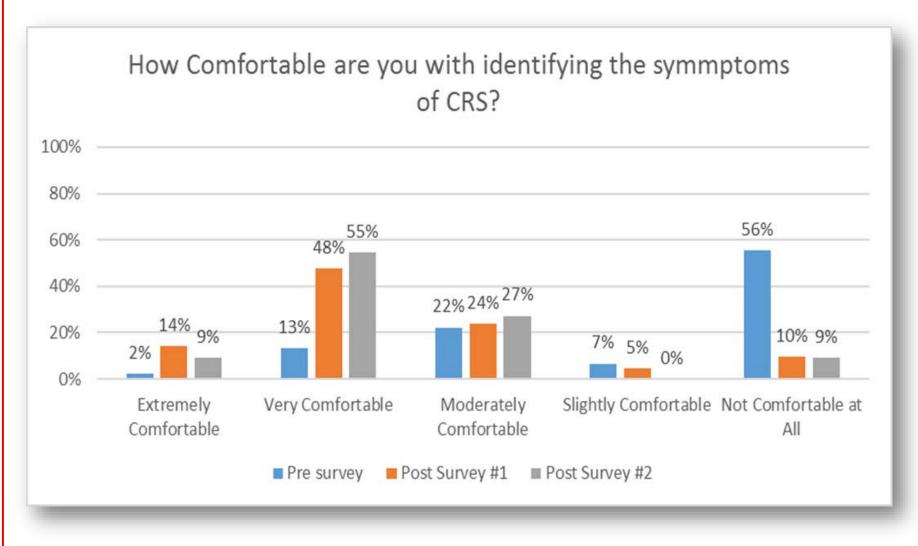
## Implementation

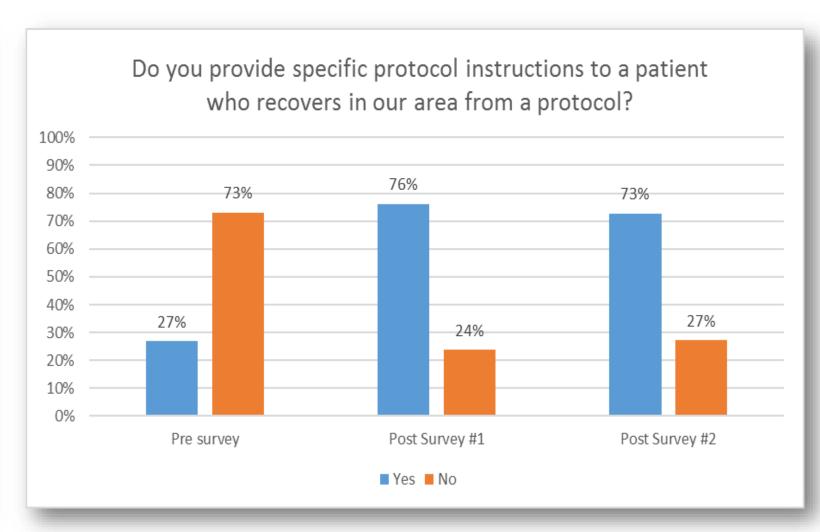
The research teams created a series of educational sessions for each protocol to clarify points and provide staff an opportunity to ask questions. Laminated tip sheets were created and placed on the unit for reference. Also, monthly meetings with research coordinators and recovery nurses were scheduled to call attention to and resolve issues.

Research coordinators provided weekly reports and daily emails of changes were transcribed onto a daily reference sheet with all pertinent information for each patient's care. Staff were educated on Cytokine Release Syndrome and its protocols. Nurses were surveyed pre and post education, and again after six months of patient care for this population.

### **Survey Questions**

- Do you know what the acronym CRS means?
- > How comfortable are you with identifying the signs and symptoms of CRS?
- Do you know where the CRS Algorithm is located?
- Do you provide specific protocol discharge instructions to a patient who recovers in our area?
- How comfortable are you with patients who are on protocols and recovery in P3/G3?
- What would you like to see improve on the unit regarding protocol patients?





**Survey Question 2** 

**Survey Question 4** 

Nurses rated the importance of improvement in:

- Communication
- MD response

- Nurse education
- Orders
- Patient education
- Workflow
- Organization of protocol information

There was also an area to suggest improvements.

How comfortable are you with patients who are on protocols and recover in P3/G3? ■ Pre survey ■ Post Survey #1 ■ Post Survey #2

**Survey Question 5** 

## Sample Protocol Tip Sheet

Primary Investigator: Dr. Study Office: 123-456-7890 Coordinator: Ann Coordinates Office: 987-654-3210

Injection start time: Injection end time:

Vital Signs (B/P, pulse, temp, RR, and O2sat): Every 15 min

CBC, Chemistries and PK levels to be collected at predose, 60 minutes post, and 12 hr post

Pre-Injection and 2 hours post injection

Chills, Fever, itching/rash/infection/swelling at the injection site; possible cytokine release syndrome

Patient will be admitted on the floor prior to the injection patient will go back to floor after recovery.

## Statement of **Successful Practice**

The post education survey, both immediately after and six months later, showed an improvement in:

- nurse comfort level with caring for tumor injection patients
- increased understanding of Cytokine Release Syndrome
- where to find the CRS algorithm
- increased use of protocol-specific discharge instructions

Proactive education and standardization of research protocol information also increased nursing comfort in caring for tumor injection patients in post-procedural recovery.

## Implications for Perianesthesia Nursing

- Constant updates, education, and management of tip sheets were needed to maintain correct information.
- The organization of the daily reference sheet received a very positive response from nurses.
- With each new protocol recovery nurses needed to encourage each research protocol team to provide education as well as create new discharge instructions, protocol fact sheets, and nurse education.
- An assigned group of staff to manage protocols was very helpful.

## Acknowledgements

P3 Non-OR Recovery Nursing Team Interventional Radiology Nursing Research Protocol Team Members Mark Templonuevo, BSN, RN

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